## **AMENDMENT**

Please amend the specification without prejudice, without admission, without surrender of subject matter, and without any intention of creating any estoppel as to equivalents, as follows.

## In the Claims:

- 1. (Previously presented) A method for obtaining an immunogenic response comprising administering to a bovine or porcine:
- (a) a DNA vaccine or immunogenic or immunological composition against a pathogen of a bovine or porcine comprising:
  - (i) a plasmid containing and expressing a nucleotide sequence encoding an immunogen of a pathogen of the bovine or porcine; and
  - (ii) a cationic lipid containing a quaternary ammonium salt, of formula

$$CH_{3}$$
 $|$ 
 $+$ 
 $R_{1} - O - CH_{2} - CH - CH_{2} - N \xrightarrow{} R_{2} - X$ 
 $|$ 
 $OR_{1}$ 
 $CH_{3}$ 

in which  $R_1$  is a saturated or unsaturated linear aliphatic radical having 12 to 18 carbon atoms,  $R_2$  is another aliphatic radical containing 2 or 3 carbon atoms, and X a hydroxyl or amine group;

and

(b) an inactivated, attenuated live, subunit or recombinant vaccine or immunogenic or immunological composition against a bovine or porcine pathogen,

wherein (a) and (b) are administered together in a combination or sequentially.

- 2-3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 1 wherein the nucleotide sequence according to (a)(i) comprises a nucleotide sequence of BRSV.
- 5. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 4, wherein the nucleotide sequence of BRSV encodes F antigen and/or G antigen.

6-15. (Cancelled)

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- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein (a) and (b) are sequentially administered, whereby there is a first administration of (b), followed by a subsequent administration of (a).
- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, wherein (b) is an inactivated, attenuated live or subunit vaccine or immunogenic or immunological composition.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the vaccine or immunogenic or immunological composition according to (a) further comprises DOPE.
- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the vaccine or immunogenic or immunological composition according to (a) additionally comprises a bovine or porcine GM-CSF protein or an expression vector containing and expressing a nucleotide sequence encoding the GM-CSF protein.
  - 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the cationic lipid is DMRIE.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence encoding the immunogen has deleted therefrom a portion encoding a transmembrane domain.
- 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the plasmid containing the nucleotide sequence encoding the immunogen further comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding a heterologous signal sequence.
- 24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the heterologous signal sequence is a tPA.
- 25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the plasmid containing the nucleotide sequence encoding the immunogen further comprises a stabilizing intron.
- 26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the stabilizing intron is intron II of rabbit beta-globin gene.
- 27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein administration is sequential.
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27, wherein a prime boost regimen is used.

29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the nucleotide sequence of BRSV is optimized by substitution, by a heterologous signal sequence, of the signal sequence of the F antigen and/or G antigen of BRSV.

- 30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 29, wherein the heterologous signal sequence is from human tPA.
- 31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the nucleotide sequence of BRSV is optimized by deletion therefrom of a portion encoding a transmembrane domain of F antigen and/or G antigen.
- 32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the cationic lipid is DMRIE.
- 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the vaccine or immunogenic or immunological composition of (a) further comprises DOPE.
- 34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the nucleotide sequence of BRSV encodes F antigen, and wherein the nucleotide sequence is optimized by:
  - (a) insertion of human tPA signal sequence in place of F antigen signal sequence; and
  - (b) deletion of the transmembrane domain and contiguous C-terminal portion.
- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the vaccine or immunogenic or immunological composition of (a) further comprises a second expression plasmid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding BRSV G antigen, and wherein the nucleotide sequence encoding BRSV G antigen is optimized by:
  - (a) insertion of human tPA signal sequence in place of G antigen signal sequence; and
  - (b) deletion of the transmembrane domain and contiguous C-terminal portion.
- 36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein administration is sequential.
- 37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 36, wherein a prime boost regimen is used.
- 38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the pathogen of a bovine or porcine in (a) and (b) are the same pathogen.

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